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REDEGØRELSE

Rådsmøde (miljø - klimadelen) den 22. december 2009

Til underretning for Folketingets Europaudvalg vedlægges Klima- og Energiministeriets redegørelse for rådsmøde (miljø) den 22. december 2009.

Per Stig Møller



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På rådsmødet (miljø) den 22. december af rapporterede det svenske formandskab fra COP15, og der var en meningsudveksling. Punktet var oprindeligt opført på dagsordenen som et b-punkt, men blev på rådsmødet behandlet under en lukket ministerfrokost.

Kontoret for EU og
International Energi

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Emnet på den lukkede ministerdrøftelse var ministrenes indtryk fra COP15. For flere ministre havde den generelle oplevelse været, at EU havde manglet indflydelse.

Der blev udtrykt behov for grundigt at gennemtænke forløbet inden endelige konklusioner drages, men der var enighed om, at forhandlingerne skal drives videre og at COP15 markerede et skifte i de internationale klimaforhandlinger, hvor Kina og USA nu er aktive medspillere. Der var generel tilslutning til, at EU nu ser fremad og fastholder lederskab.

Formandskabet fremlagde formandskabskonklusioner om COP15 (vedhæftet).

Presidency conclusions COP 15

The EU strives for an agreement that is legally binding for all parties and sufficiently ambitious to limit global warming well below 2 ° C compared to pre-industrial level by reducing global emissions by 50% by 2050.

The Copenhagen Accord is a first step which involves most parties and gives basis to reduction commitments, financing, MRVs and fight against deforestation.

The climate change challenge has not diminished and further work should follow a tight time schedule with clear deadlines and the EU should continue to offer ambition and leadership. To this end, it is necessary to review, assess and learn from the meeting in Copenhagen. It is important to build on the progress made in the UNFCCC negotiations during the last years, including the COP 15.

The Presidency and the incoming Spanish Presidency look forward to, as a first step, an analysis by the Commission in view of the informal meeting of Environment ministers in Seville in January 2010.

In the context of the ongoing process, the EU reiterates its conditional offer to move to a 30% reduction by 2020 compared to 1990 levels, provided that other developed countries commit themselves to comparable emission reductions and that developing countries contribute adequately according to their responsibilities and respective capabilities.

Furthermore, the EU and its Member States are ready to contribute with fast-start funding of EUR 2.4 billion annually for the years 2010 to 2012 in the context of implementing the agreement.